

West Texas A&M University



Report Sections

NSSE 2023 Engagement Indicators

About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right. The specific items within each EI are listed below, starting on page 5.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
	Higher-Order Learning
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning
j.	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning
5	Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction
	Effective Teaching Practices
	Quality of Interactions
Campus Environment	Supportive Environment

Overview (p. 3)	Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.
Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)	Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:
	Mean Comparisons Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).
	Score Distributions Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores <i>within</i> your institution and comparison groups.
	Performance on Indicator Items Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.
Comparisons with High- Performing Institutions (p. 15)	Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of all current- and prior-year institutions.
Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)	Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2018). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. Your NSSE Tableau dashboards and Report Builder (released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L.M., & Gonyea, R.M. (2018). Contextualizing effect sizes in the National Survey of Student Engagement: An empirical analysis. *Research & Practice in Assessment,* 13 (Summer/Fall), pp. 22-38.



Overview

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Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups. Use the following key:

- **A** Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Vour students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Note: It is important to interpret the direction of differences relative to your institutional context. You may not see all of these symbols in your report.

irst-Year Students		Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Comparison Peers	Aspirant Peers	Geographical Peers
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning		∇	∇
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment			

Seniors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Comparison Peers	Aspirant Peers	Geographical Peers
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning	\bigtriangledown	\bigtriangledown	∇
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	\bigtriangledown		∇
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions		Δ	
Environment	Supportive Environment			\bigtriangledown



Academic Challenge

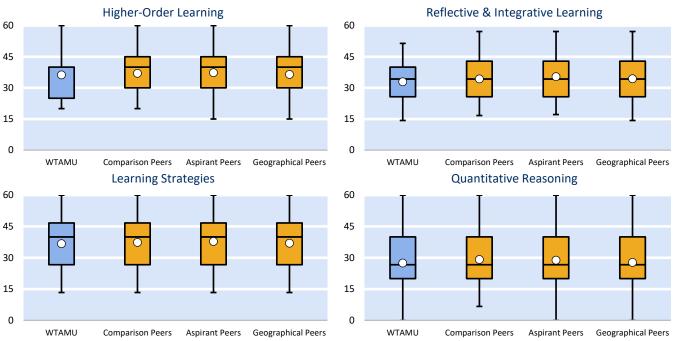
West Texas A&M University

Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with						
	WTAMU Comparison Peers Effect		Aspirant Peers Effect		Geograp	hical Peers Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Higher-Order Learning	36.3	37.0	06	37.4	08	36.4	01	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	33.0	34.4	12	35.4 **	20	34.4 *	12	
Learning Strategies	36.8	37.3	04	37.8	08	36.9	01	
Quantitative Reasoning	27.4	29.2	12	28.9	09	27.8	02	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).



Score Distributions

Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

West Texas A&M University

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY student				
Higher-Order Learning		Comparison Peers	Aspirant Peers	Geographical Peers		
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Ouite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	WTAMU	Peers	Aspirant Peers	Peers		
rercentage responding very much or Quite a bit about now much coursework emphasized	%	1	i			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	68	+1	+0	+3		
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	67	+1	-2	+1		
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	65	-3	-4	-3		
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	68	+0	-0	+1		
Reflective & Integrative Learning						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	55	+4	+1	+5		
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	45	-3	-6	-3		
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course 2c. discussions or assignments	38	-12	-13	-9		
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	60	-0	-5	-3		
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from 2e. their perspective	63	-4	-8	-5		
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	61	+1	-6	-7		
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	74	-0	-3	+1		
Learning Strategies						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	64	-6	-7	-2		
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	65	-2	-1	-2		
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	64	+1	+0	+2		
Quantitative Reasoning						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, 6a. graphs, statistics, etc.)	50	-6	-4	-1		
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 6b. climate change, public health, etc.)	40	-2	-2	-1		
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	41	-1	-0	+3		

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Academic Challenge

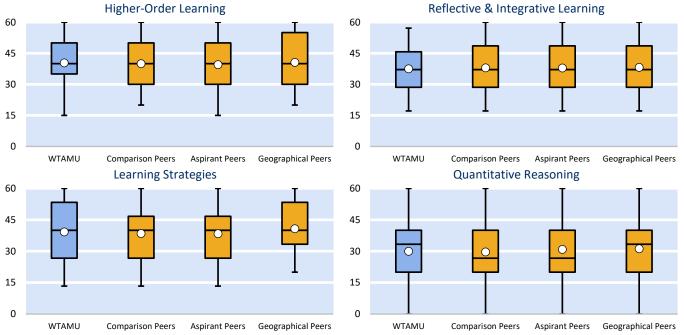
West Texas A&M University

Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your seniors compared with						
	WTAMU	·····		Aspirant Peers		Geograp	hical Peers	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size	
Higher-Order Learning	40.3	39.9	.03	39.5	.06	40.6	02	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	37.5	38.0	04	37.9	03	38.2	05	
Learning Strategies	39.2	38.4	.05	38.3	.05	40.7	11	
Quantitative Reasoning	29.9	29.6	.02	30.8	05	31.2	08	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).



Score Distributions

Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

West Texas A&M University

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and				
Higher Order Learning		Comparison		Geographical		
Higher-Order Learning	WTAMU	Peers	Aspirant Peers	Peers		
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%		-	é		
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	78	+2	+3	-1		
$4_{C.}$ Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	75	+2	+3	-0		
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	74	+4	+6	+1		
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	75	+3	+2	+1		
Reflective & Integrative Learning						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	69	-2	+2	+1		
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	58	-2	+0	-3		
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course 2c. discussions or assignments	45	-8	-6	-7		
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	67	+2	+2	-0		
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from 2e. their perspective	72	+1	-1	-2		
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	73	+4	+3	+2		
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	85	+3	+2	+2		
Learning Strategies						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	75	+1	-0	-3		
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	70	+7	+7	-1		
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	70	+2	+5	-2		
Quantitative Reasoning						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"						
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, 6a. graphs, statistics, etc.)	56	+0	+1	-4		
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, 6b. climate change, public health, etc.)	47	+3	-1	-2		
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	46	+1	+0	-1		
Note: Defer to your Eugenenies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significant	aa taata Itam num	hanina aamaananda	to the company feeding le err	ilahla an tha		

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Learning with Peers

West Texas A&M University

Learning with Peers: First-year students

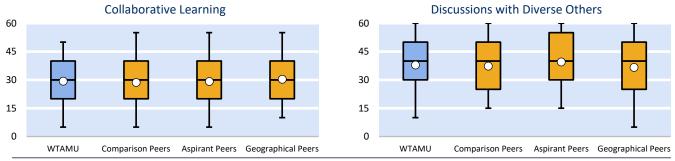
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

viean compansons		Your first-year students compared with						
	WTAMU	Comparison Peers		Aspirant Peers		Geographical Peer		
			Effect		Effect		Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Collaborative Learning	29.3	28.6	.05	29.1	.02	30.3	07	
Discussions with Diverse Others	37.9	37.2	.04	39.5	10	36.6	.08	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



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Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students a					
		Comparison		Geographical			
Collaborative Learning	WTAMU	Peers	Aspirant Peers	Peers			
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%						
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	50	+7	+7	+3			
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	47	+0	-2	-1			
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	39	+2	-0	-4			
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	50	+2	+1	-4			
Discussions with Diverse Others							
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with							
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	72	+11	+2	+9			
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	71	+4	+0	+4			
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	65	+2	-1	+5			
8d. People with political views other than your own	62	-2	-4	+1			

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Learning with Peers

West Texas A&M University

Learning with Peers: Seniors

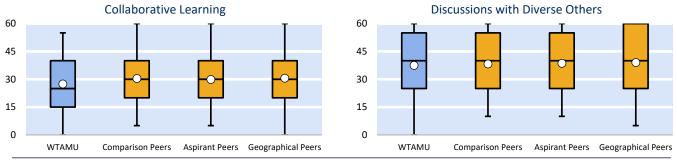
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and interacting with peers from different backgrounds prepares students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

		Your seniors compared with					
	WTAMU	Comparison Peers		Aspirant Peers		Geographical Peers	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	27.5	30.4 **	18	29.9 *	15	30.6 ***	19
Discussions with Diverse Others	37.5	38.2	04	38.7	07	39.0	09

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and				
		Comparison		Geographical		
Collaborative Learning	WTAMU	Peers	Aspirant Peers	Peers		
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%					
1b. Asked another student to help you understand course material	35	-8	-4	-7		
1c. Explained course material to one or more students	49	-4	-2	-3		
1d. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	38	-1	-1	-6		
1e. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	49	-10	-10	-8		
Discussions with Diverse Others						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with						
8a. People of races or ethnicities other than your own	65	+1	-1	-5		
8b. People from economic backgrounds other than your own	67	-3	-1	-4		
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	62	-1	-3	-3		
8d. People with political views other than your own	62	-2	-3	-3		

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Experiences with Faculty

West Texas A&M University

Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

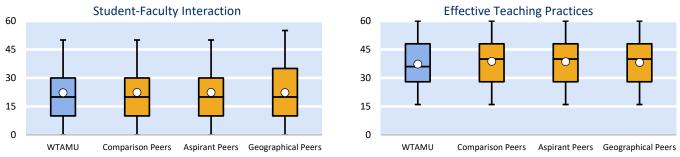
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: Student-Faculty Interaction and Effective Teaching Practices. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

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Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with									
	WTAMU	Compai	r ison Peers Effect	Aspira	nt Peers Effect	Geograp	hical Peers Effect				
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size				
Student-Faculty Interaction	22.2	22.4	01	22.4	01	22.2	.00				
Effective Teaching Practices	37.3	38.7	11	38.5	09	38.1	06				

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard $deviation; Symbols \ on \ the \ Overview \ page \ are \ based \ on \ effect \ size \ and \ p \ before \ rounding; \ *p < .05, \ **p < .01, \ ***p < .001 \ (2-tailed).$

Score Distributions



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		Percen	tage point	difference ^a	between yo	ur FY stude	nts and
		Comp	arison				aphical
Student-Faculty Interaction	WTAMU	Pe	ers	Aspira	nt Peers	Pe	eers
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%						
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	44	+2	1	+3	1	+5	
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	25	+3	1	+3)		-1
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	28	+1)		-0		-1
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	30		-1		-5		
Effective Teaching Practices							
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have							
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	75		-1		-3		-1
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	73	+1)	+2	1	+2	1
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	74	+0)	+3)	+2	1
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	58		-7		-7		-6
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	56		-6	I	-4		-3

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Experiences with Faculty

West Texas A&M University

Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

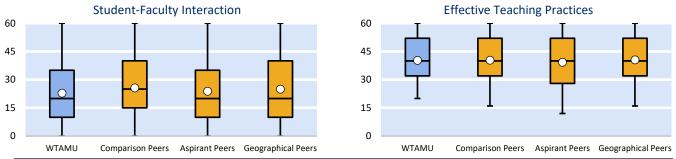
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Mean Comparisons				Your seniors co	mpared with		
	WTAMU	Comparis	son Peers Effect	Aspira	int Peers Effect	Geograp	hical Peers Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Student-Faculty Interaction	22.8	25.5 **	17	23.8	06	24.9 *	12
Effective Teaching Practices	40.2	40.3	.00	39.2	.07	40.5	02

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		Percentage poi	nt difference ^a between y	our seniors and
		Comparison		Geographical
Student-Faculty Interaction	WTAMU	Peers	Aspirant Peers	Peers
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	44	-3	+2	-1
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	24	-7	-4	-7
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	32	-4	+0	-2
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	34	-1	+1	-3
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	83	+5	+7	+4
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	77	+1	+3	+2
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	79	+1	+6	+3
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	65	+1	+1	-2
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	65	-1	+1	-2

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Campus Environment

West Texas A&M University

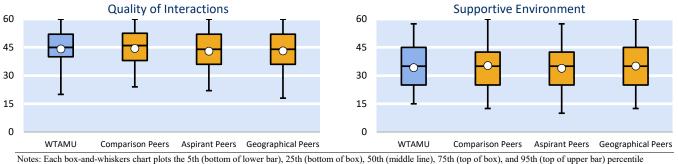
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year studer	nts compared v	vith	
	WTAMU	Compar	rison Peers	Aspira	nt Peers	Geograp	hical Peers
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	44.1	44.4	03	43.0	.10	43.1	.08
Supportive Environment	34.2	35.3	08	33.9	.02	35.1	06

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of up scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students an					
		Comparison		Geographical			
Quality of Interactions	WTAMU	Peers	Aspirant Peers	Peers			
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from $l="Poor"$ to $7="Excellent"$) with	%						
13a. Students	53	+1	+6	+0			
13b. Academic advisors	58	-4	+2	+6 📕			
13c. Faculty	59	+5	+7	+5			
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	57	+3	+9	+6			
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	53	+0	+6 📕	+4			
Supportive Environment			-	-			
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized							
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	69	-2	-1	-2			
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	73	-0	+1	+1			
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	56	-2	-4	-3			
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	67	-4	+1	-1			
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	65	-4	-1	- 0			
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	46	+5	+8	+2			
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	63	-3	+4	-2			
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	35	-11	-7	-10			

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile available on the NSSE website.



Campus Environment

West Texas A&M University

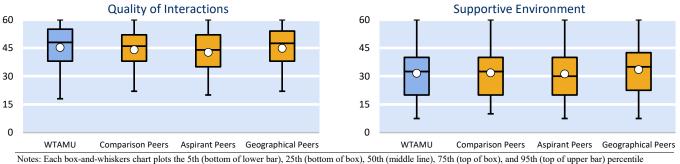
Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors com	oared with		
	WTAMU	Comparison Peers Effect		Aspirant Peers Effect		Geograpi	hical Peers Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	45.3	44.1	.10	42.7 ***	.21	44.8	.04
Supportive Environment	31.5	31.9	02	31.3	.02	33.5 *	13

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper t scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and					
		Comparison		Geographical			
Quality of Interactions	WTAMU	Peers	Aspirant Peers	Peers			
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from $l="Poor"$ to $7="Excellent"$) with	%						
13a. Students	59	+0	+1	-4			
13b. Academic advisors	65	+8	+16	+9			
13c. Faculty	63	+3	+10	+1			
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	54	+7	+8	+2			
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	55	+6	+7	+1			
Supportive Environment				-			
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized							
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	67	-1	+2	-2			
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	66	+3	+2	+0			
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	51	+2	-2	-6			
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	61	-2	-O	-4			
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	56	-3	-1	-6			
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	32	+1	+1	-7			
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	57	+0	+7	-2			
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	37	-3	-1	-5			
Notes: Refer to your <i>Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons</i> report for full distributions and significant NSSE website.	ce tests. Item num	bering correspon	ds to the survey facsimile av	ailable on the			

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions West Texas A&M University

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see go.iu.edu/NSSE-PnP), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your

students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2022 and 2023 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2022 and 2023 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable^b to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students			Your first-year stude	nts compared with	ı	
		WTAMU	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size √	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark
	Higher-Order Learning	36.3	39.5 ***	25	42.2 ***	47	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	33.0	37.2 ***	36	39.8 ***	59	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	36.8	39.8 **	22	42.8 ***	43	
	Quantitative Reasoning	27.4	30.7 **	21	33.4 ***	39	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	29.3	33.2 ***	28	36.5 ***	53	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	37.9	40.5 *	18	43.6 ***	41	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	22.2	25.4 **	21	29.3 ***	46	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	37.3	40.1 **	21	43.3 ***	45	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	44.1	45.3	10 🗸	48.1 ***	33	
Environment	Supportive Environment	34.2	36.8 **	20	39.6 ***	43	

Seniors

Seniors				Your seniors co	mpared with	
		WTAMU	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size √	Mean	Effect size √
	Higher-Order Learning	40.3	42.1 *	13	44.7 ***	34
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	37.5	40.6 ***	25	43.1 ***	47
Challenge	Learning Strategies	39.2	41.0 *	12	43.6 ***	31
	Quantitative Reasoning	29.9	32.7 **	17	36.3 ***	39
Learning	Collaborative Learning	27.5	34.7 ***	51	38.1 ***	77
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	37.5	41.1 ***	23	43.9 ***	43
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	22.8	29.6 ***	42	34.3 ***	72
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	40.2	42.1 **	14	44.7 ***	33
Campus	Quality of Interactions	45.3	45.4	01 🗸	47.9 ***	21
Environment	Supportive Environment	31.5	34.5 ***	21	37.7 ***	44

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all current- and prior-year institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either positive or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.

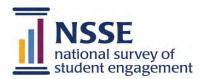
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Detailed Statistics^a West Texas A&M University

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

Detailed Statistics. Thist	Mea	n statisti	ics	Percentile ^d scores			Comparison results					
-	IVICO	11 310131			Terce	intile set	163		 Deg. of	Mean	results	Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Academic Challenge												
Higher-Order Learning												
WTAMU (N = 214)	36.3	12.3	.84	20	25	40	40	60				
Comparison Peers	37.0	13.0	.32	20	30	40	45	60	1,921	7	.426	058
Aspirant Peers	37.4	13.4	.33	15	30	40	45	60	1,805	-1.1	.257	083
Geographical Peers	36.4	13.5	.27	15	30	40	45	60	2,792	2	.849	014
Top 50%	39.5	13.2	.04	20	30	40	50	60	106,825	-3.3	.000	248
Top 10%	42.2	12.8	.11	20	35	40	55	60	13,144	-6.0	.000	468
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	g											
WTAMU ($N = 238$)	33.0	11.1	.72	14	26	34	40	51				
Comparison Peers	34.4	12.1	.28	17	26	34	43	57	2,158	-1.4	.087	118
Aspirant Peers	35.4	12.1	.29	17	26	34	43	57	320	-2.4	.002	203
Geographical Peers	34.4	12.4	.23	14	26	34	43	57	289	-1.5	.049	121
Top 50%	37.2	12.0	.04	20	29	37	46	60	100,378	-4.3	.000	359
Top 10%	39.8	11.8	.10	20	31	40	49	60	13,260	-6.9	.000	587
Learning Strategies												
WTAMU (N = 195)	36.8	14.2	1.02	13	27	40	47	60				
Comparison Peers	37.3	13.7	.35	13	27	40	47	60	1,759	6	.579	042
Aspirant Peers	37.8	13.7	.35	13	27	40	47	60	1,687	-1.1	.307	078
Geographical Peers	36.9	13.7	.28	13	27	40	47	60	2,550	2	.856	014
Top 50%	39.8	13.9	.05	20	27	40	53	60	85,866	-3.0	.002	217
Top 10%	42.8	14.0	.11	20	33	40	60	60	18,056	-6.1	.000	431
Quantitative Reasoning												
WTAMU (N = 197)	27.4	14.5	1.03	0	20	27	40	60				
Comparison Peers	29.2	15.0	.37	7	20	27	40	60	1,796	-1.7	.123	117
Aspirant Peers	28.9	15.5	.40	0	20	27	40	60	1,696	-1.4	.218	093
Geographical Peers	27.8	15.8	.32	0	20	27	40	60	2,583	4	.759	023
Top 50%	30.7	15.3	.05	7	20	27	40	60	104,451	-3.2	.003	211
Top 10%	33.4	15.4	.12	7	20	33	40	60	16,926	-6.0	.000	388
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
WTAMU (N = 268)	29.3	13.5	.83	5	20	30	40	50				
Comparison Peers	28.6	14.3	.31	5	20	30	40	55	2,380	.7	.450	.049
Aspirant Peers	29.1	14.1	.33	5	20	30	40	55	2,144	.2	.808	.016
Geographical Peers	30.3	14.0	.25	10	20	30	40	55	3,360	-1.0	.261	072
Top 50%	33.2	13.9	.04	10	25	35	40	60	117,000	-3.9	.000	279
Top 10%	36.5	13.7	.09	15	25	35	45	60	23,678	-7.2	.000	526
Discussions with Diverse Others	5											
WTAMU (N = 196)	37.9	15.6	1.11	10	30	40	50	60				
Comparison Peers	37.2	15.3	.39	15	25	40	50	60	1,774	.6	.578	.042
Aspirant Peers	39.5	15.6	.40	15	30	40	55	60	1,694	-1.6	.186	100
Geographical Peers	36.6	17.0	.35	5	25	40	50	60	235	1.3	.270	.076
	40.5	14.8	.05		30	40	55		94,696	-2.6	.013	178
Top 50%	40.5	14.0	.05	20	50	40	22	60	94,090	-2.0	.015	



Detailed Statistics^a West Texas A&M University

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	n statisti	cs	Percentile ^d scores			Comparison results					
										Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
WTAMU (N = 229)	22.2	14.6	.97	0	10	20	30	50				
Comparison Peers	22.4	14.7	.35	0	10	20	30	50	2,032	2	.875	011
Aspirant Peers	22.4	15.0	.37	0	10	20	30	50	1,869	2	.882	010
Geographical Peers	22.2	15.6	.30	0	10	20	35	55	2,950	.0	.990	001
Top 50%	25.4	15.3	.06	5	15	25	35	60	57,463	-3.1	.002	206
Top 10%	29.3	15.3	.17	5	20	25	40	60	8,352	-7.1	.000	460
Effective Teaching Practices												
WTAMU (N = 211)	37.3	13.1	.90	16	28	36	48	60				
Comparison Peers	38.7	13.2	.32	16	28	40	48	60	1,908	-1.4	.138	108
Aspirant Peers	38.5	13.2	.33	16	28	40	48	60	1,801	-1.2	.201	094
Geographical Peers	38.1	13.8	.27	16	28	40	48	60	2,767	8	.389	062
Top 50%	40.1	13.5	.05	16	32	40	52	60	74,031	-2.9	.002	212
Top 10%	43.3	13.3	.14	20	36	44	56	60	9,818	-6.0	.000	450
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
WTAMU (N = 183)	44.1	11.8	.88	20	40	45	52	60				
Comparison Peers	44.4	11.4	.30	24	38	46	53	60	1,608	3	.745	026
Aspirant Peers	43.0	11.4	.31	22	36	44	52	60	1,548	1.2	.189	.103
Geographical Peers	43.1	12.3	.27	18	36	44	52	60	2,325	1.0	.288	.082
Top 50%	45.3	11.5	.05	24	38	46	54	60	58,922	-1.1	.192	097
Top 10%	48.1	12.1	.12	24	42	50	60	60	11,164	-4.0	.000	330
Supportive Environment												
WTAMU (N = 185)	34.2	13.2	.97	15	25	35	45	58				
Comparison Peers	35.3	13.3	.35	13	25	35	43	60	1,668	-1.1	.294	082
Aspirant Peers	33.9	13.6	.36	10	25	35	43	58	1,632	.3	.762	.024
Geographical Peers	35.1	14.1	.30	13	25	35	45	60	2,418	9	.426	061
Top 50%	36.8	13.1	.05	15	28	38	45	60	64,599	-2.6	.008	196
Top 10%	39.6	12.8	.15	20	30	40	50	60	7,790	-5.4	.000	425

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SE)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a West Texas A&M University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statisti	cs	Percentile ^d scores					Comparison results			
	Mean	SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
Academic Challenge	weun	30	JL	501	2501	5011	7501	9501	Jieedoni	uŋj.	Sig.	3120
Higher-Order Learning												
WTAMU ($N = 349$)	40.3	14.1	.75	15	35	40	50	60				
Comparison Peers	39.9	14.0	.30	20	30	40	50	60	2,508	.4	.642	.027
Aspirant Peers	39.5	14.0	.35	15	30	40	50	60	1,962	.8	.315	.059
Geographical Peers	40.6	14.1	.25	20	30	40	55	60	3,606	3	.707	021
Top 50%	42.1	13.7	.04	20	35	40	55	60	98,638	-1.7	.018	127
Top 10%	44.7	12.8	.13	20	40	45	60	60	9,749	-4.4	.000	341
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	ng											
WTAMU (N = 362)	37.5	12.6	.66	17	29	37	46	57				
Comparison Peers	38.0	13.0	.27	17	29	37	49	60	2,674	5	.519	036
Aspirant Peers	37.9	13.1	.32	17	29	37	49	60	2,075	4	.599	030
Geographical Peers	38.2	13.1	.22	17	29	37	49	60	3,779	7	.324	055
Top 50%	40.6	12.5	.04	20	31	40	51	60	89,416	-3.1	.000	247
Top 10%	43.1	11.8	.12	23	34	43	54	60	9,390	-5.6	.000	469
Learning Strategies												
WTAMU (N = 338)	39.2	15.0	.82	13	27	40	53	60				
Comparison Peers	38.4	14.7	.33	13	27	40	47	60	2,351	.7	.393	.050
Aspirant Peers	38.3	15.0	.38	13	27	40	47	60	1,874	.8	.363	.055
Geographical Peers	40.7	14.3	.26	20	33	40	53	60	3,452	-1.5	.063	107
Top 50%	41.0	14.5	.04	20	33	40	53	60	105,286	-1.8	.023	124
Top 10%	43.6	14.1	.11	20	33	40	60	60	15,639	-4.4	.000	312
Quantitative Reasoning												
WTAMU (N = 338)	29.9	17.1	.93	0	20	33	40	60				
Comparison Peers	29.6	16.3	.36	0	20	27	40	60	2,373	.3	.763	.018
Aspirant Peers	30.8	16.5	.42	0	20	27	40	60	1,886	9	.380	053
Geographical Peers	31.2	16.5	.29	0	20	33	40	60	3,470	-1.2	.190	075
Top 50%	32.7	16.5	.05	7	20	33	40	60	124,099	-2.7	.002	166
Top 10%	36.3	16.2	.16	7	20	40	47	60	10,261	-6.3	.000	390
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
WTAMU (N = 374)	27.5	16.9	.88	0	15	25	40	55				
Comparison Peers	30.4	15.5	.31	5	20	30	40	60	473	-2.9	.002	183
Aspirant Peers	29.9	16.0	.37	5	20	30	40	60	517	-2.4	.011	151
Geographical Peers	30.6	16.5	.28	0	20	30	40	60	3,888	-3.1	.001	185
Top 50%	34.7	14.2	.05	10	25	35	45	60	375	-7.2	.000	507
Top 10%	38.1	13.6	.12	15	30	40	50	60	386	-10.6	.000	773
Discussions with Diverse Other												
WTAMU (N = 337)	37.5	17.6	.96	0	25	40	55	60				
Comparison Peers	38.2	16.4	.36	10	25	40	55	60	439	7	.487	043
Aspirant Peers	38.7	16.7	.42	10	25	40	55	60	1,881	-1.1	.265	067
Geographical Peers	39.0	17.2	.31	5	25	40	60	60	3,452	-1.5	.131	087
Top 50%	41.1	15.6	.05	15	30	40	55	60	338	-3.5	.000	227
Top 10%	43.9	14.8	.14	20	35	45	60	60	350	-6.4	.000	431



Detailed Statistics^a West Texas A&M University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics			Percentile ^d scores					Comparison results			
		SD ^b	SE ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
	Mean											
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
WTAMU (N = 354)	22.8	17.1	.91	0	10	20	35	60				
Comparison Peers	25.5	16.3	.35	0	15	25	40	60	2,577	-2.8	.003	168
Aspirant Peers	23.8	16.8	.41	0	10	20	35	60	2,011	-1.1	.286	063
Geographical Peers	24.9	17.4	.30	0	10	20	40	60	3,670	-2.1	.029	122
Top 50%	29.6	16.2	.07	5	20	30	40	60	47,775	-6.8	.000	419
Top 10%	34.3	15.8	.22	10	20	35	45	60	394	-11.5	.000	721
Effective Teaching Practices												
WTAMU $(N = 346)$	40.2	13.8	.74	20	32	40	52	60				
Comparison Peers	40.3	14.4	.31	16	32	40	52	60	2,481	.0	.961	003
Aspirant Peers	39.2	14.6	.36	12	28	40	52	60	1,960	1.1	.218	.073
Geographical Peers	40.5	14.8	.26	16	32	40	52	60	3,605	2	.774	016
Top 50%	42.1	13.8	.05	20	32	40	56	60	73,311	-1.9	.010	139
Top 10%	44.7	13.4	.13	20	36	44	56	60	11,753	-4.5	.000	334
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
WTAMU (N = 288)	45.3	12.9	.76	18	38	48	55	60				
Comparison Peers	44.1	11.7	.27	22	38	46	52	60	365	1.2	.141	.100
Aspirant Peers	42.7	12.0	.32	20	35	44	52	60	1,653	2.6	.001	.214
Geographical Peers	44.8	12.3	.23	22	38	48	54	60	3,159	.5	.520	.040
Top 50%	45.4	12.1	.04	22	38	48	55	60	78,422	1	.927	005
Top 10%	47.9	12.5	.09	22	40	50	60	60	19,717	-2.6	.001	206
Supportive Environment												
WTAMU (N = 326)	31.5	14.8	.82	8	20	33	40	60				
Comparison Peers	31.9	14.2	.32	10	20	33	40	60	2,285	3	.702	023
Aspirant Peers	31.3	14.7	.38	8	20	30	40	60	1,821	.3	.764	.018
Geographical Peers	33.5	15.2	.28	8	23	35	43	60	3,359	-2.0	.026	130
Top 50%	34.5	14.3	.05	10	25	35	45	60	72,147	-3.0	.000	211
Top 10%	37.7	13.9	.17	15	28	38	48	60	7,224	-6.1	.000	440

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SE)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.